SUSSEX COUNTY
ALL HAZARDS EVACUATION ANNEX

DECEMBER 2017
This plan is maintained at DelDOT’s Transportation Management Center (TMC). For more information, please contact DelDOT’s Emergency Management Planner at the TMC at:

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TRANSPORTATION INCIDENT AND EVENT MANAGEMENT PLAN
SUSSEX COUNTY ALL HAZARDS EVACUATION ANNEX

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I. Foreword

The Sussex County Transportation Management Teams (TMTs) have reviewed this report for accuracy. The Transportation Management team is comprised of representatives from DelDOT, Delaware State Police, Delaware Emergency Management Agency, Delaware Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Sussex County Emergency Operations Center, and local government public safety agencies. All comments from TMT representatives have been incorporated into the report, and this final copy has been approved for official use.
## II. Acronyms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARC</td>
<td>American Red Cross</td>
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<tr>
<td>ASIS</td>
<td>American Society of Industrial Safety</td>
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<tr>
<td>CAP</td>
<td>Civil Air Patrol</td>
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<td>CHART</td>
<td>Coordinated Highways Action Response Team</td>
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<td>CIWG</td>
<td>Critical Incident Working Group</td>
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<tr>
<td>CP</td>
<td>Command Post</td>
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<tr>
<td>DeIDOT</td>
<td>Delaware Department of Transportation</td>
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<td>DEMA</td>
<td>Delaware Emergency Management Agency</td>
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<tr>
<td>DENS</td>
<td>Delaware Emergency Notification System</td>
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<td>DEOP</td>
<td>Delaware Emergency Operations Plan</td>
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<td>DETF</td>
<td>Delmarva Emergency Task Force</td>
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<tr>
<td>DGS</td>
<td>Delaware Geological Survey</td>
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<tr>
<td>DHSS/DSS</td>
<td>Department of Health and Social Services/Division of Social Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>DMS</td>
<td>Dynamic Message Sign</td>
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<td>DNG</td>
<td>Delaware National Guard</td>
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<tr>
<td>DNREC</td>
<td>Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control</td>
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<td>DoEd</td>
<td>Department of Education</td>
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<td>DSHS</td>
<td>Department of Safety and Homeland Security</td>
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<td>DSP</td>
<td>Delaware State Police</td>
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<td>DSWA</td>
<td>Delaware Solid Waste Authority</td>
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<td>DTC</td>
<td>Delaware Transit Corporation</td>
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<tr>
<td>DVFA</td>
<td>Delaware Volunteer Firefighter’s Association</td>
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<td>EAS</td>
<td>Emergency Alert System</td>
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<td>EMS</td>
<td>Emergency Medical Service</td>
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<td>Emergency Operations Plan</td>
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<td>EPZ</td>
<td>Emergency Planning Zone</td>
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<td>ERT</td>
<td>Emergency Response team</td>
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<td>ERU</td>
<td>Emergency Response Unit</td>
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<td>Emergency Support Coordinator</td>
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<td>FasT</td>
<td>Field Assessment Team</td>
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<td>Federal Emergency Management Agency</td>
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<td>FHWA</td>
<td>Federal Highway Administration</td>
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<td>HAZMAT</td>
<td>Hazardous Material</td>
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<td>HES</td>
<td>Hurricane Evacuation Study</td>
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<td>IDA</td>
<td>Initial Damage Assessment</td>
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<td>JIC</td>
<td>Joint Information Center</td>
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<td>MAP</td>
<td>Motorist Assistance Patrol</td>
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<td>MOA</td>
<td>Memorandum of Agreement</td>
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<td>MOU</td>
<td>Memorandum of Understanding</td>
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<td>MUTCD</td>
<td>Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices</td>
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<td>NHS</td>
<td>National Hurricane Center</td>
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<td>NWS</td>
<td>National Weather Service</td>
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<td>PIO</td>
<td>Public Information Officer</td>
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<td>POC</td>
<td>Point of Contact</td>
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<td>SAR</td>
<td>Search and Rescue</td>
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<td>SITREPS</td>
<td>Situation Reports</td>
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<td>RACES</td>
<td>Radio Amateurs Civil Emergency System</td>
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<td>ROC</td>
<td>Regional Operations Center</td>
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<td>SERT</td>
<td>State Emergency Response Team</td>
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<td>SERT</td>
<td>State Emergency Response Team</td>
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<tr>
<td>TAC</td>
<td>Technical Assessment Center</td>
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<tr>
<td>TCC</td>
<td>Traffic Control Center</td>
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<td>TIEPM</td>
<td>Transportation Incident and Event Management Plan</td>
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<td>TMC</td>
<td>Transportation Management Center</td>
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<td>TMT</td>
<td>Transportation Management Team</td>
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<td>TOC</td>
<td>Traffic Operations Center</td>
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<tr>
<td>USACE</td>
<td>United States Army Corps of Engineers</td>
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<tr>
<td>WMD</td>
<td>Weapon of Mass Destruction</td>
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III. Introduction

This Annex primarily focuses on tidal inundation incidents and events that may affect Sussex County, including hurricanes, nor’easters, coastal storms, tidal or storm surges, and heavy rains. However, it may be applied to other events that may require mass evacuation (e.g., terrorist actions). Approximately ninety percent of Delaware’s coastal storm flood-vulnerable housing units (Category 2 hurricane) are in Sussex County making the County vulnerable to flooding and potential coastal storm damage. As a result, this plan describes a concept of operations to manage the transportation system and assist the Sussex County population deemed most “at risk” to the effects of tidal inundation from a hurricane or coastal storm to escape the effects of the storm. The procedures outlined here are the minimum actions that will be required from the Delaware Department of Transportation (DelDOT) to include the Transportation Management Center (TMC)/Transportation Solutions Division, Maintenance and Operations Division, Motor Vehicle Division (Tolls) and the Delaware Transit Corporation to manage the transportation system in the event of a planned or unplanned event or incident that threatens the residents of Sussex County. This plan also incorporates the coordination and support that is also required by other agencies in support of the DelDOT efforts to include the Delaware State Police (DSP), Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC), Delaware Emergency Management Agency (DEMA), Delaware Volunteer Firefighter’s Association (DVFA), Sussex County Emergency Operations Center, Civil Air Patrol (CAP), local law enforcement and fire companies as well as other agencies as needed in the event that an evacuation of the area is necessary due to a hazardous event to include the formation of a tropical storm or hurricane that threatens Sussex County.
IV. National Incident Management System Compliance

The National Incident Management System (NIMS) created a standard system for all levels of government to work together to prepare for and respond to incidents.

According to NCHRP Report 525 – Surface Transportation Security, Volume 16: A Guide to Emergency Response Planning for State Transportation Agencies, this plan is NIMS compliant as it follows all recommendations, including:

- Incorporating NIMS and national Response Framework (NRF) components, principles, and policies, to include preparation, response, equipment, and corrective actions.
- Applying common and consistent terminology as used in NIMS, including establishment of plain language communication standards.
- Including preparedness organizations and elected and appointed officials in its development.

This plan is written to be NIMS compliant, that is, it reflects all phases of the emergency management cycle depicted in the diagram below.

![Emergency Management Cycle Diagram](image)
A. Purpose
It is the intent of this annex to demonstrate how DelDOT, DelDOT’s TMC and other state and local agencies which make up the Sussex County TMT will work together to manage the transportation system and protect life and property during an incident or event that threatens Sussex County.

B. Transportation Management Team (TMT)
As defined in the Transportation Incident and Event Management Plan (TIEMP), the TMT is a dynamic group that will work together with DelDOT’s TMC – not only for planning purposes, but also for field operations – to support the management of incidents and events that impact the transportation system. The Sussex County TMT will have the responsibility of establishing communication, response, resource, and responsibility procedures and guidelines for Sussex County and will make joint decisions along with the TMC on responding to the incident or event. If necessary, the TMC will establish a remote TMC to facilitate working with the Sussex County TMT agencies during an incident or event that impacts the transportation system.

C. Situation
Sussex County is vulnerable to seventeen of the twenty-one hazards defined by the federal government, including flood and hurricanes. Exacerbating this vulnerability is the fact that coastal beaches are a significant focus of Delaware’s tourist industry; a large percentage of hotel/motel units are located in or near Sussex coastal storm vulnerable areas. The traffic demand is highly contingent on seasonal occupancy of tourists and seasonal residents and will require more time to evacuate due to the high demand during peak occupancy than during times of low occupancy.

Based on work conducted by the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) in the 1990’s, it is estimated that five percent (5%) of all Delaware’s non-hotel/motel housing units are located in areas that are potentially vulnerable to some level of tidal inundation from a Category 2 hurricane. Seventeen percent (17%) are subject to some level of tidal inundation from a Category 4 hurricane. In addition, one of four housing units in Sussex County is a mobile home (24,000). These mobile homes are susceptible to severe wind damage and will need to be evacuated during hurricane threats. The majority of Delaware’s Category 2 (92%) and Category 4 (59%) flood-vulnerable housing is located in Sussex County. Consequently, these initial estimates indicate that a large number of evacuees and vehicles should be expected during a peak season hurricane evacuation in Sussex County.

The 1990 Delaware Hurricane Evacuation Study estimated a range of 40,000 to 56,000 potential evacuating vehicles; it is anticipated that the ongoing Delmarva Hurricane Evacuation Study (HES) will provide increased estimates of evacuating vehicles. The 2017 NOAA storm surge maps depicting the Sea, Lake and Overland Surges from Hurricanes (SLOSH) Maximum of Minimums (MOMs) produced by USACE for category one through four storms for Sussex County are shown on the following pages.
Figure SC-2: Sussex County Category 1 Storm Surge Inundation (SLOSH Maximum of Maximums)
Figure SC-3: Sussex County Category 2 Storm Surge Inundation (SLOSH Maximum of Maximums)
Category 3 (SLOSH MOMs) Storm Surge Inundation

Inundation Depth
- Up to 3 feet above ground
- Greater than 3 feet above ground
- Greater than 6 feet above ground
- Greater than 9 feet above ground

Levee Areas - Consult Local Officials For Flood Risk

Figure SC-4: Sussex County Category 3 Storm Surge Inundation (SLOSH Maximum of Maximums)
Figure SC-5: Sussex County Category 4 Storm Surge Inundation (SLOSH Maximum of Maximums)
V. Concept of Operations

During an incident or event that impacts the transportation system in Sussex County, the TMC coordinates internally with other DelDOT groups, such as DelDOT’s Division of Community Relations, Delaware Transit Corporation (DTC), DelDOT Maintenance, and the Department of Motor Vehicles and externally with other local, state, and Federal agencies. Some of these external agencies include the Sussex County Emergency Operations Center, Delaware State Police (DSP), Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), and the Delaware National Guard (DNG). If necessary, it may be requested that representatives from these organizations come to the TMC and/or that a representative from the local DelDOT maintenance facility reports to the Sussex County EOC for coordination and liaison purposes. DelDOT’s TMC will be the primary contact point for DelDOT throughout the event. Depending on the location and severity of the incident or event, a decision may be made to set up a remote TMC to manage the incident.

The TMC and Sussex County TMT agencies will coordinate activities to manage the transportation system to assist the “at risk” population in Sussex County in accordance with this plan. The Sussex County Evacuation Annex adopts the concept of levels. The decision-makers must use their judgment in determining when to elevate to each different level. This judgment can be based on several factors and in the case of a weather event, monitoring of various weather sources including, when appropriate, tropical storm and hurricane tracking information to help determine the level of activation. The activation level must also take into consideration that the final call for evacuation must allow enough time for the evacuation of vulnerable populations and the removal of traffic control devices and response personnel to safe locations before sustained tropical storm force winds of 39 MPH reach land.

In order to establish the level of response effort, activation levels 1 thru 4, related to the anticipated level of impact an incident or event could have on the transportation system, have been developed and defined in the Transportation Incident and Event Management Plan (TIEMP). The use of levels allows the amount and assignment of resources (e.g., people, vehicles, equipment, and materials) to be more readily defined and can reduce the times associated with incident identification, response, and clearance. These levels should be used as a guide only, and best professional practices should always be incorporated in determining the appropriate levels of response. Decisions will be made through coordination between the various involved agencies. Transportation management actions, as based upon the phases, to be performed before tropical storm force winds arrive as a tropical storm or hurricane approaches Delaware are summarized in the following sections.

A. Level 1

Level 1 is the normal daily operating conditions for both DelDOT and the Sussex County TMT response agencies.
B. Level 2

Agencies will move to Level 2 when an event or hurricane with the potential to threaten Delaware has been identified. During Level 2, visitors should be discouraged from coming to the Delaware beaches or other possible vulnerable areas. Transportation management actions to be carried out during Level 2 include, but will not be limited to the following:

**DelDOT**

- **TMC:**
  - Establish a conference call with the Sussex County Transportation Management Team (TMT) to discuss the possible areas that will be affected, the extent to which they will be affected, evacuation route selection, staging areas, etc., and to review evacuation and traffic control procedures.
  - Coordinate with neighboring state TMCs:
    - Maryland DOT's Statewide Operations Center (SOC),
    - Pennsylvania’s District 6-0 Traffic Management Center (TMC),
    - Virginia’s Transportation Operations Center (TMC), and
    - New Jersey’s Traffic Operations Center (TOC)
  - Coordinate with neighboring local jurisdictions:
    - Ocean City, MD
    - Queen Anne’s County, MD
    - Worcester County, MD
    - Wicomico County, MD
    - Caroline County, MD
  - Monitor and track the path of the storm or hurricane.
  - The TMC staff will update DelDOT personnel.
  - Begin evacuation planning with the TMT agencies. In planning for evacuation, the characteristics of the tropical storm or hurricane and its magnitude, intensity, speed of onset, and anticipated duration are all significant factors. These factors will determine the number of people to be evacuated, the distance people must be moved to ensure their safety, the need for reception facilities, and the extent of traffic control and security required.
  - Together with the TMT agencies, consider site-selection and pre-positioning of deployable resources such as aircraft, marine vessels, debris removal equipment, generators, light carts, fuels, food, cots, blankets, etc. Consider reallocation and disbursement of previously positioned equipment and coordinate the availability of portable water tanks (water buffaloes) and review Public Health requirements prior to their use.
  - Review Debris Management Plan.
  - Participate on debris management bridge conference call with the Debris Management Task Force to update/review information.
  - Alert the DelDOT South District Maintenance Staff of the elevation to Level 2.
• Request that all DelDOT facilities test equipment, e.g., FAX machines, telephones, and copiers. It is important that those agencies with generators test the generators under full load for a minimum of 8 hours. Ensure an adequate fuel supply is available to operate the emergency generators for a minimum of 72 hours without re-supply.

• Note: The USDOT CMC Watch Center can be notified at (202) 366-1863 to alert USDOT of the possible need for transportation resources such as Transit Assets and initiate possible Federal Transit Agency (FTA) Grant Program funding for Capital and Operating costs associated with response to and recovery from a declared emergency. USDOT is the primary federal agency for the Emergency Support Function 1 Transportation. Transportation emergency information can be found at https://www.transportation.gov/emergency and additional information for the USDOT can be found in Appendix B of this document. If needed, FTA can provide a representative to be present at the TMC during the actual event.

- **DelDOT South District:**
  - Activate Gravel Hill.
  - Alert all DelDOT staff in Sussex County South District.
  - Ensure that hurricane evacuation signs reflect road closures or route changes along the evacuation routes.
  - Review resource lists and availability of debris clearing equipment, four-wheel drive vehicles, emergency generators, fuel, chain saws, traffic control equipment, etc.
  - Review the “Bridge Closure Plan” and the “Debris Management Plan”

- **Delaware Transit Corporation**
  - DTC staff will alert Dispatchers and Drivers.

- **Community Relations**
  - The TMC will participate in bridge calls and coordinate the information from the calls with Community Relations.
  - Ensure that DelDOT is prepared for the tropical storm or hurricane by coordinating with the relevant PIOs, as necessary.

- **DMV (Tolls)**
  - DMV will alert the Tolls personnel.
  - Toll personnel should review the “Toll Plaza Modified Operations Plan” and the “Bridge Closure Plan” specifically the guidelines for wind warnings and restrictions and the closure procedures.

- **Transportation Solutions**
  - Transportation Solutions will alert staff which volunteer to operate the Emergency Response Units prior to and during the pending event and to be prepared for possible activation.

**Delaware Emergency Management Agency**
- Consider partial activation of the State Emergency Operations Center (EOC) to coordinate assessment actions. The assessment should include weather monitoring and hurricane tracking information from sources such as the National Hurricane Center (NHC) and the
National Weather Service (NWS). The assessment information will be disseminated to state, county, and local jurisdiction emergency management agencies.

- Use DelMarVa Emergency Task Force (DETF) bridge call to coordinate lines of communication with adjoining states’ (Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and New Jersey) and local jurisdictions’ (Ocean City and Queen Anne’s County) emergency management personnel.

- Update the status of inland flooding potential with the Delaware Geological Survey (DGS) and the NWS, and update the status of the coastal conditions with the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC).

- DEMA Planners should review debris management plans and verify disposal sites with DelDOT, DNREC, and Delaware Solid Waste Authority (DSWA). DEMA may consider a bridge conference call with the Debris Management Task Force to update/review information.

- DEMA, DelDOT, and DSP will update the status of evacuation routes and ensure that road closures are coordinated with local and county emergency officials and are considered in evacuation time-estimates when making evacuation decisions.

- Coordinate with Public Health and Medical Services, to advise all special facilities to be ready to evacuate their patients, staff, narcotics, and records.

- DEMA Public Information Section will coordinate press releases and media response with DelDOT and DSP.

- At 48 hours out, DEMA will issue hurricane/coastal storm tips and guidelines for preparation, safety, and possible evacuation.

- Confirm that primary and alternate points of contact are current and available for activation and 24-hour operation of the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) and associated Emergency Support Coordinator (ESC) personnel is in effect. DEMA will establish contact with FEMA Region III and obtain a liaison point of contact (POC).

**Sussex County Emergency Management Agency**

- Review and update shelter availability. Ensure shelter management plans are up to date. Contact the shelter points of contact (POCs) to update notification procedures and memorandums of understanding and alert rosters for 24-hour notification.

- Update notification alert lists to include primary and alternate POCs to ensure 24-hour coverage. Include addresses, telephone numbers, fax lists, e-mail lists, etc.

**Delaware State Police (DSP)**

- Assist in the implementation of the Traffic Control Plan for Sussex County.

- Provide traffic control along the designated evacuation routes to expedite the flow of traffic out of the affected areas, when necessary.

- Control access to evacuation routes during the evacuation of the “at-risk” areas.

- Maintain order and security on the designated evacuation routes.

- Patrol sections of the designated evacuation routes in order to immediately help clear any disabled vehicles, which may block the roadway or shoulders.

- Assist in warning the public.
- Provide enforcement of the Traffic Regulations and emergency transport of personnel, as requested by the State EMA.
- DSP staff will alert Officers.

Department of Natural Resources & Environmental Control (DNREC)
- Mobilize personnel to evaluate the beach areas, to assess site-specific dune conditions, and to continue to monitor the storm formation and provide updated status on the coastal conditions.
- Review “Debris Management Plan”
- Participate on debris management bridge conference call with the Debris Management Task Force to update/review information at DEMA’s request.
- Address dam safety, HazMat, energy, and solid waste/debris issues.

County and Local Fire Service
- Alert the appropriate fire districts’ preplanned equipment response hierarchy, including equipment and personnel of mutual aid fire companies.

County and Local Emergency Management Agencies
- Review and update shelter availability.
- Review the list of city/county transportation resources.

Local Law Enforcement
- Assist DSP as required.
- Assist in warning the public.

C. Level 3
The State and all associated agencies will elevate to Level 3 operations. This decision to move to Level 3 should be based on detailed data from the monitoring of various weather sources including, when appropriate, tropical storm and hurricane tracking information to help determine the level of activation. At this point, all non-residents should be requested to evacuate. Actions to be taken at this Level will include, but will not be limited to:

DelDOT
- **TMC:**
  - The TMC and the Sussex County TMT will continue active communications.
  - Keep neighboring TMCs (Maryland’s CHART, Pennsylvania’s TCC, Virginia’s STC, and New Jersey’s TOC) informed of Delaware’s status as well as evacuation and traffic control decisions.
  - Coordinate public information announcements with the Division of Community Relations to insure that consistent, correct information is given out.
  - DelDOT Debris Manager will establish a meeting of the Debris Management Team.
  - Since it is estimated to take over 24 hours to evacuate a large population, any planned evacuation should be in progress. At least 24 hours prior to the onset of the storm and
anticipated tidal inundation, the “at risk” populations of Sussex County will be advised to evacuate voluntarily or as directed by the Governor, if this action is deemed necessary for the preservation of life. This evacuation assumes that all roads are opened, demand is constant, and two-way traffic is in effect. In general, the evacuation of the most “at-risk” areas will take place using the designated evacuation routes as follows:

- **Fenwick Island**—All evacuating traffic from Fenwick Island, including North Ocean City and the surrounding areas, will be routed west on Route 54 towards Selbyville.
- **South Bethany/Bethany Beach**—All evacuating traffic from South Bethany/Bethany Beach and the surrounding areas will be routed west on Route 26 towards Dagsboro.
- **Dewey Beach/Rehoboth Beach**—All evacuating traffic from Dewey Beach/Rehoboth Beach and the surrounding areas will be routed north on SR 1 towards Five Points.
- **Lewes**—All evacuating traffic from Lewes and the surrounding areas will be routed west on US 9 towards Georgetown and north on SR 1 to continue north on SR 1 towards Milford or to travel west on Route 16 towards Milton and Ellendale.

- Ensure that employees and critical emergency response personnel are allowed and have time to take care of their families.

- **DelDOT South District**
  - Mobilize state evacuation traffic control active and passive resources. DelDOT South District staff will be positioned where they can take up their duties within an hour of being ordered to do so. Barriers, cones, and other traffic control devices will be positioned where they can be brought into operation with minimal delay.
  - Clear any maintenance activities and coordinate with the Division of Transportation Solutions to clear current road construction activities along designated and alternate evacuation routes.
  - Clear all drains and gutters to provide for maximum flow of storm water.
  - Ensure evacuation traffic control measures are in place to include pre-positioning of equipment to tow stalled vehicles. Data from the TMC will be used to make evacuation decisions and recommendations. Evacuation information will be passed to the media and radio station WTMC (1380 AM). DelDOT may consider waiving tolls and adjusting traffic lights to allow for increased evacuation flow.
  - Ensure that employees and critical emergency response personnel are allowed and have time to take care of their families.

- **Delaware Transit Corporation**
  - Review “All Hazards Evacuation Plan for Individuals Requiring Special Transportation Assistance”.
  - DTC will Coordinate activities and receive direction from DelDOT’s Homeland Security Planner and mobilize their resources to aid in the evacuation of people with special needs, when requested.
  - Ensure that employees and critical emergency response personnel are allowed and have time to take care of their families.

- **Community Relations**
  - Coordinate with the DEMA PIO or designated PIO, as necessary.
  - Relevant PIOs, including DelDOT, DEMA, and DSP, will disseminate consistent evacuation information advising the public of evacuation actions to be taken using a
current list of radio stations, television stations, cable television companies, and transportation public outreach technologies.

- Report to the State EOC and/or JIC, if necessary.
- DelDOT TMC or designated back-up will issue transportation statements, as required.
- DEMA will assist in establishing a rumor control center, if possible.
- Coordinate with the TMC for messaging on DelDOT’s radio station WTMC (1380AM).
- Ensure that employees and critical emergency response personnel are allowed and have time to take care of their families.

**DMV (Tolls)**

- Coordinate with DelDOT Maintenance forces to ensure traffic control devices are pre-positioned (see Bridge Closure Plan) in the case that the decision is made to waive tolls or close bridges.
- Ensure that employees and critical emergency response personnel are allowed and have time to take care of their families.

**Transportation Solutions**

- Deploy Emergency Response Unit Patrols at the direction of the TMC.
- Ensure that employees and critical emergency response personnel are allowed and have time to take care of their families.

**Delaware Emergency Management Agency (DEMA)**

- Activate the State EOC, (known hereafter as EOC) if not previously activated, and identify the required Emergency Support Coordinators (ESCs) to report to the EOC. Implement appropriate plans and annexes.
- DEMA PIO, in conjunction with other agency PIOs, will ensure the public is informed of the current situation and will recommended actions to ensure the safety of personnel and property. Also, DEMA will assist DelDOT Community Relations in establishing a rumor control center, if possible. The DEMA Director, in coordination with the Governor’s Communications Director/PIO, will determine the need for a JIC. Disseminate information using radio, TV, newspaper, etc. to ensure maximum coverage. Encourage people to stay tuned to their local radio and TV stations for information, instructions, and local weather conditions. Coordinate action and information release with Ocean City’s emergency management personnel.
- Coordinate actions with county and local emergency management personnel and establish bridge call conference schedule.
- Coordinate the necessary documentation to activate or partially activate the DNG when their support is necessary. Additionally, DEMA must prepare necessary documentation for the Governor to declare a State of Emergency and a request for Federal Assistance prior to the event if a disaster appears eminent.
- Assess data from: the NHS, the NWS, coastal seasonal population information, and computer models, such as HURREVAC, to assist in making appropriate protective action recommendations and emergency decisions (e.g., when to start initial evacuation of coastal and low-lying areas, mobile home parks, waterfront properties, and campgrounds, when to open shelters, and when to secure marinas, small craft, and aircraft, etc.).
Coordinate evacuation decisions with adjoining states (Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and New Jersey) and local jurisdictions’ (Ocean City and Queen Anne’s County) emergency management personnel via the DETF.

In coordination with DelDOT TMC and DSP, ensure pertinent information (existing weather conditions, traffic conditions, road closures, etc.) is properly distributed to local EMAs, law enforcement, and media.

Ensure the communication network is established to give/receive regular situation reports (SITREPS) on local conditions, shelter status, and evacuation status. Consider testing a backup plan in the event the primary method fails. Backup systems include systems operated by the Radio Amateurs Civil Emergency System (RACES), the Civil Air Patrol (CAP), and the DNG, etc.

Coordinate for the early release of schools and non-essential employees (State and industry) to assist evacuation measures. Coordinate actions with the Governor’s Chief of Staff, Department of Education (DoEd), and the American Society of Industrial Safety (ASIS).

Sussex County EOC

Coordinate evacuation decisions with adjoining Delaware counties (New Castle and Kent) and Maryland local jurisdictions’ (Ocean City, Worcester, and Caroline County) emergency management personnel.

Ensure pertinent information (existing weather conditions, traffic conditions, road closures, etc.) is properly distributed to DelDOT, local EMAs, law enforcement, and media.

Ensure the communication network is established to give/receive regular SITREPS on local conditions, shelter status, and evacuation status. Consider testing a backup plan in the event the primary method fails. Backup systems include systems operated by the Radio Amateurs Civil Emergency System (RACES), the Civil Air Patrol (CAP), and the DNG, etc.

Delaware State Police

Assist in the implementation of the Traffic Control Plan for Sussex County.

Provide traffic control along the designated evacuation routes to expedite the flow of traffic out of the affected areas, when necessary.

Control access to evacuation routes during the evacuation of the “at-risk” areas.

Maintain order and security on the designated evacuation routes.

Patrol sections of the designated evacuation routes in order to immediately help clear any disabled vehicles, which may block the roadway or shoulders.

Assist in warning the public.

Control re-entry into the impacted area.

Provide enforcement of the Traffic Regulations and emergency transport of personnel, as requested by the State EOC.

Protect property in evacuated areas, and limit access to those areas.

DSP staff will alert Officers.

Department of Natural Resources & Environmental Control (DNREC)

Work with DGS to assess the coastal and inland flooding vulnerability and risk assessment.
TRANSPORTATION INCIDENT AND EVENT MANAGEMENT PLAN  
SUSSEX COUNTY ALL HAZARDS EVACUATION ANNEX

- Address dam safety, HazMat, energy, and solid waste/debris issues (see Debris management Plan).

County and Local Fire Service
- Assist in warning the public
- Assist in evacuating the aged, persons with disabilities, and other special needs groups.

County and Local Emergency Management Agencies
- Determine availability of needed transportation resources within the jurisdiction and coordinate the mobilization and distribution of these resources.
- Support and coordinate special evacuation needs of the physically impaired and senior citizens in the jurisdiction.

Local Law Enforcement
- Assist DSP with traffic control, property protection, and warning the public, as required.

D. Level 4
The State and all associated agencies will elevate to Level 4 operations. This decision to move to Level 4 should be based on detailed data from the monitoring of various weather sources including, when appropriate, tropical storm and hurricane tracking information to help determine the level of activation. At this point, all people, except Emergency Personnel, should be requested to evacuate from the areas at risk. Actions to be taken at this Level will include, but will not be limited to:

DelDOT

- **TMC:**
  - The TMC and Sussex County TMT agencies will maintain 24-hour operations from the beginning of any evacuation through the implementation of any recovery plan.
  - Keep neighboring TMCs (Maryland’s CHART, Pennsylvania’s TCC, Virginia’s STC, and New Jersey’s TOC) informed of Delaware’s status as well as evacuation and traffic control decisions.
  - Continue to monitor traffic flow and choke points. Radio station WTMC (1380 AM) will broadcast regular road reports and updates statewide.

- **DelDOT South District**
  - Activate traffic control plans and place resources (arrow boards, portable VMS, barricades, detour signs, cones, and shelter arrows) into position at critical locations.
  - Activate the established evacuation traffic routes and ensure traffic control measures are in place and activated to provide maximum evacuation traffic flow. Coordinate the traffic control measures with the DSP.
  - Evaluate staffing requirements needed to occupy key intersections and evacuation choke points.
  - Coordinate the closure of the draw span on all drawbridges to all unauthorized traffic with the TMC (see Bridge Closure Plan).
  - Place available wreckers and tow trucks on-site at predetermined locations.
• Coordinate with the TMC for Emergency Response Units (ERUs) and Motorist Assistance Patrol (MAP) vehicles
• Impose mandatory traffic control to funnel evacuating vehicles to designated evacuation routes.

**Delaware Transit Corporation (DTC)**
• Pick up persons desiring to be transported to shelters, if required.

**Community Relations**
• PIOs should consider radio and TV releases as well as transportation public outreach technologies to inform those individuals about last minute recommendations, i.e., “structurally sound and above surge heights.”

**DMV (Tolls)**
• Be prepared to suspend tolls if requested.
• Be prepared to coordinate with DelDOT Maintenance forces to close bridges following the procedures outlined in the “Toll Plaza Modified Operations Plan” and the “Bridge Closure Plan” if requested.

**Transportation Solutions**
• Continue patrolling routes and assisting with traffic control if requested.
• Pick up persons/pets desiring to be transported to shelters, if required.

**Delaware Emergency Management Agency (DEMA)**
• Ensure notification is made to all emergency management agencies concerning the upgraded status.
• Determine what protective actions should be recommended to the Secretary/Governor.
• Ensure evacuation decisions are based upon completion of evacuation prior to arrival of gale force winds (34 knots/39 mph). If possible, the evacuation should be accomplished during daylight hours. To ensure widest dissemination of all protective actions and evacuation decisions initiate the use of the Emergency Alert System (EAS) messages. Emphasize the importance of the evacuation of all campers and mobile homes. Consider staffing requirements for last minute door-to-door evacuation recommendations for residents who refuse to leave coastal beach areas.
• Notify adjacent states of protective actions and evacuation decisions.
• The State EOC will provide tips and guidelines to the public on what to expect during the storm.

**Sussex County EMA**
• Provide periodic SITREPS to the DEMA.
• Ensure notification is made to all county and municipal personnel concerning the upgraded status.
• Ensure evacuation decisions are based upon completion of evacuation prior to arrival of gale force winds (34 knots/39 mph). If possible, the evacuation should be accomplished during daylight hours. To ensure widest dissemination of all protective actions and evacuation decisions initiate the use of the Emergency Alert System (EAS) messages. Emphasize the importance of the evacuation of all campers and mobile homes. Consider
staffing requirements for last minute door-to-door evacuation recommendations for residents who refuse to leave coastal beach areas.

- Notify adjacent counties of protective actions and evacuation decisions.
- Red Cross shelter availability and requirements should be finalized. Shelters scheduled to be opened must be coordinated with state and municipal emergency management agencies.
- Provide shelter availability information to DelDOT and DSP to assist public inquires.

### Delaware State Police (DSP)

- Deploy law enforcement and traffic control personnel, (e.g., flagmen, police officers).
- DSP will limit all incoming traffic on the evacuation routes to emergency personnel.
- Be prepared to recommend last minute “panic” places of refuge for those individuals that did not evacuate and are now asking where they can go for safety. Recommend to those individuals facilities that appear to be structurally sound and located above surge heights, i.e. 2nd or 3rd floor. If individuals refuse to evacuate and remain at home, if time permits, attempt to obtain names and addresses of next of kin notification. PIOs should consider radio and TV releases to inform those individuals about last minute recommendations, i.e., “structurally sound and above surge heights.”

### Public Health and Medical Services

- Public Health and Medical Services will coordinate the evacuation and shelter of persons having mobility limitations.

### Public Utilities

- Public utility agencies/companies should implement action plans to minimize storm damage due to wind and storm surge. Action should be taken to preclude contamination of potable water resources and to minimize damage to sewage disposal systems and electrical distribution grids. County and local EOCs can assist the public utility agencies to ensure the public is notified of systems that are/will be deactivated. This announcement may encourage undecided residents/tourists to evacuate.

### Delaware National Guard

- If not previously accomplished, consider partial or full activation of the Delaware National Guard (DNG) and a State of Emergency declaration by the Governor.
- Consider FEMA Region III Emergency Response Team (ERT) and Field Assessment Team (FAsT) team assistance. The Governor can request a Federal Emergency Declaration prior to the storm event if event is imminent. This declaration would make additional resources available, such as the Army Corps of Engineers Post Flood Assistance under Public Law 84-99.
- Be prepared to recommend last minute “panic” places of refuge for those individuals that did not evacuate and are now asking where they can go for safety. Recommend to those individuals facilities that appear to be structurally sound and located above surge heights, i.e. 2nd or 3rd floor. If individuals refuse to evacuate and remain at home, if time permits,
attempt to obtain names and addresses of next of kin notification. PIOs should consider radio and TV releases to inform those individuals concerning last minute recommendations, i.e., “structurally sound and above surge heights.”

County and Local Fire Service
- Direct task assignments and personnel relief in performing fire, rescue, fire police, and emergency medical efforts, and in alerting, warning, evacuating, and, if necessary, radiological monitoring activities.
- Coordinate task assignments given to support agencies.
- Request additional personnel and resources, as appropriate.
- Prepare and forward fire reports to the State Fire Marshal’s office.
- Provide fire protection in evacuated areas.

County and Local Emergency Management Agencies
- Communicate with DEMA, TMC, and DSP regarding information on local evacuation routes and road conditions.
- Assist TMC and DSP in identifying major transportation arteries affected by the storm event and in developing alternate or by-pass routes.

Local Law Enforcement
- Coordinate law enforcement activities with the DSP and other emergency services.

E. 12 Hours Prior to the Arrival of the Tropical Storm Force Winds (39 MPH Sustained Winds)
This phase applies to a situation approximately 24 hours prior to landfall and the arrival of tropical storm force winds (40MPH sustained winds). At this point, all agencies should be operating at Level 4. At this stage personnel should begin to secure all temporary traffic control devices that have been set up for evacuation or other purposes to prevent the devices from becoming projectiles during the anticipated high winds and begin to seek shelter in a safe location.

DelDOT
- **TMC:**
  - Advise all personnel to begin securing equipment and seek shelter in a safe place.
- **DelDOT South District**
  - Secure all temporary traffic control devices deployed and seek shelter in a safe place.
- **Delaware Transit Corporation**
  - Prepare to cease bus operations when directed.
  - Advise staff to seek shelter in a safe location.
- **Community Relations**
  - PIOs working with DEMA should coordinate radio and TV releases as well as transportation public outreach technologies to inform the public about emergency services ceasing operations and sheltering their personnel and at some point will not be
able to respond to their emergencies. If people are in harm’s way they should be evacuating immediately if possible. Also, provide guidance on last minute recommendations for sheltering in place, i.e., “structurally sound and above surge heights.”

- **Motor Vehicles Division (Tolls)**
  - Prepare to activate the facility specific response guidelines in the “Bridge Closure Plan” and the “Toll Plaza Modified Operations Plan”.

- **DelDOT Transportation Solutions Division**
  - Recall all Emergency Response Units.
  - Secure all deployed temporary traffic control devices and seek shelter in a safe place.
F. Storm Event (Level 4)

This phase applies to a situation in which 40 mph winds of the outer edges of the hurricane have arrived. This Storm Event stage is equivalent to a Level 4 incident. At this point, all agencies should be operating at Level 4. Storm event management activities will be coordinated directly between the TMC, DelDOT’s South District office, scene(s), supervisor(s), the State EOC, and federal transportation agencies, as illustrated in Figure SC-6 below.

Coordination with all activated local and county EOCs and Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) will be through the state EOC. During the storm event, all TMT agencies (e.g., DelDOT South District, DSP, DNREC, County and Local Fire Service, County and Local EMAs, and Local Law Enforcement) should recall emergency responders and all deployed personnel back to their operating locations. Ensure personnel do not take unnecessary risks as the storm approaches and winds exceed gale force strength. Supervisors must continue to emphasize safety procedures. Other transportation management actions to be carried out will include, but will not be limited to the following:

**DelDOT**
- **TMC:**
  - The TMC and Sussex County TMT will terminate all pre-event activities.
• Continue to monitor the event and provide information to the Sussex County TMT agencies and neighboring TMCs.
  - DelDOT South District
    • Ensure evacuation procedures are terminated.
  - Transportation Solutions
    • Ensure evacuation procedures are terminated.
  - Motor Vehicles Division (Tolls)
    • Prepare to activate the facility specific response guidelines in the Bridge Closure Plan for the appropriate level if needed.

Delaware Emergency Management Agency (DEMA)
  - DEMA PIO should continue to coordinate with PIOs of relevant agencies, (e.g., DelDOT TMC, DSP, DNG), and using all and any means available, will notify the public and explain the calm conditions as the eye passes overhead. The public should be made aware that the improved weather conditions are temporary and that the storm conditions will return with winds coming from the opposite direction, sometimes in a period of just a few minutes.
  - Should a JIC be established, the lead PIO will coordinate information and distribution.
  - EOC and ESCs should establish a plan of action concerning re-entry and recovery procedures. Finalize procedures for human needs assessment and damage assessment.
  - If possible, continue to maintain communications with local EOC emergency management personnel to receive SITREPS. Consider alternate communication methods operated by the RACES, DNG, CAP, etc.
  - Monitor local weather conditions to determine when it is safe to proceed outside.

Sussex County EOC
  - Ensure evacuation procedures are terminated. Residents who did not evacuate and are requesting assistance will be encouraged to seek a last minute place of refuge.
  - Together with DEMA and ESCs, establish a plan of action concerning re-entry and recovery procedures. Finalize procedures for human needs assessment and damage assessment.
  - If possible, continue to maintain communications with municipal emergency management personnel to receive SITREPS. Consider alternate communication methods operated by the RACES, DNG, CAP, etc.
  - Monitor local weather conditions to determine when it is safe to proceed outside.
  - PIOs, using all and any means available, should notify the public concerning the calm conditions as the eye passes overhead. The public should be made aware that the improved weather conditions are temporary and that the storm conditions will return with winds coming from the opposite direction, sometimes in a period of just a few minutes.

Delaware State Police (DSP)
  - Ensure evacuation procedures are terminated.

Local Law Enforcement
  - Assist DSP as required.

G. Re-Entry/Recovery Phase
This phase will be implemented following the passage of the storm. Affected Sussex County agencies may remain at Level 4 or downgrade to a lower level depending on the extent of the damage inflicted by
the storm. First responders shall accomplish initial assessments to determine hazardous and non-
hazardous areas. If conditions allow for debris clearance and power restoration, then workers may re-
enter the area. Areas that the EOC or first responders consider unsafe shall be restricted areas until
they are made safe. Emergency Roadway Clearance procedures and guidelines shall be followed as
specified in the Debris Management Plan. The following minimum transportation management actions
will be implemented:

**DelDOT**

- **TMC:**
  - Reestablish communication with the Sussex County TMT agencies.
  - Set up a conference call with the Sussex County TMT agencies to determine the
    requirements for traffic control for the return of evacuees.
  - Continue to monitor the event and provide information to the Sussex County TMT
    agencies and the neighboring TMCs.
  - Participate in post-disaster critiques.
  - Make appropriate recommendations for procedural changes.

- **DelDOT South District**
  - DelDOT, as the Primary Agency for Public Works and Engineering functions, will be
    responsible for coordinating with appropriate support agencies and companies to
    provide the public works and engineering assistance required to restore the evacuated
    area(s) to habitable conditions.
  - The Public Works and Engineering support agencies and companies will provide
    personnel to assess the affected areas to ensure that the following conditions prevail in
    the evacuated area before evacuees are authorized to return:
    - The threat that caused the evacuation has been resolved.
    - Sufficient debris has been removed to permit travel, and roads and bridges are safe
to use.
    - Downed power lines have been removed; ruptured gas, water and sewer lines have
      been repaired; and other significant safety hazards have been eliminated. However,
      utility services may not have been fully restored yet.
    - Structures have been inspected and determined to be safe to reoccupy.
    - There is adequate water available for firefighting.
  - Activate the traffic control plan and place resources into position to support the reentry
    checkpoints established by Sussex County.
  - Place available wreckers, tow trucks, Emergency Response Units and MAP vehicles on-
site at predetermined locations.
  - Coordinate debris removal activities with other agencies as specified in the “Debris
    Removal Plan”
  - Participate in post-disaster critiques.
  - Make appropriate recommendations for procedural changes.

- **Community Relations**
  - Disseminate information, using a current list of radio stations, television stations, cable
    television companies, and transportation public outreach technologies, advising the
    public that they can return to their homes and businesses when deemed safe. Preferred
    travel routes will be indicated.
  - Coordinate with the DEMA PIO, as necessary.
• Report to the TMC, State EOC and/or JIC, if necessary. During the re-entry/recovery phase, the JIC may stand down or may be operating on a skeleton staff. Alternatively, the EOC may take over the responsibility for disseminating information to the public.
• Issue transportation statements, as required.
• Assist rumor control, if possible.
• Coordinate with the TMC/Radio Station WTMC (1380AM).
• Participate in post-disaster critiques.
• Make appropriate recommendations for procedural changes.

Delaware Emergency Management Agency (DEMA)
- EOC should assess and/or re-establish communications with all areas and emergency management or emergency response agencies.
- PIOs should initiate aggressive public awareness measures to keep the public informed of the current situation. Emphasize outdoor hazards, including downed power lines, weakened bridges, washed out roads, weakened tree limbs, damaged overhanging structures, etc.
- The EOC will provide tips and instructions to the public on re-entry.
- Participate in post-disaster critiques.
- Make appropriate recommendations for procedural changes.

Sussex County EOC
- Assess and/or re-establish communications with all areas and emergency management or emergency response agencies.
- Communicate with municipal and local officials, including local fire service organizations, to assess their conditions and potential hazards of reentry. Human needs requirements and initial damage information shall be passed to the county EOC to be forwarded to the State EOC. The State EOC shall be responsible for coordinating the Initial Damage Assessment (IDA) as specified in the Damage Assessment Annex of the DEOP. This assessment may include, but not be limited to CAP, DNG, and DSP aerial fly-over, windshield assessment, etc.
- Initiate immediate search and rescue (SAR) procedures if there are missing individuals. Responsibility and protocol for coordinating SAR efforts are outlined in the DEOP and may include urban SAR by the fire service organizations, aerial SAR by DSP and the CAP, and marine SAR by the Delaware Marine Patrol. Requests for status of missing persons should be coordinated with the American Red Cross in Delaware.
- Coordinate with DSP to establish security of those areas that have been impacted severely. Security and law enforcement resources and procedures are specified in the DEOP.
- Coordinate resource needs with DSP and DelDOT to support the re-entry checkpoints as necessary.
- Participate in post-disaster critiques.
- Make appropriate recommendations for procedural changes.

Delaware State Police
- Deploy law enforcement and traffic control personnel, and provide traffic control for the return of the evacuees.
- Maintain access controls for areas that cannot be safely reoccupied.
- Establish security of those areas that have been impacted severely. Security and law enforcement resources and procedures are specified in the Military Support section of the DEOP.
- Participate in post-disaster critiques.
- Make appropriate recommendations for procedural changes.

**Department of Natural Resources & Environmental Control (DNREC)**
- Coordinate and assess damage to beaches, parks, dams, and fish and wildlife areas.
- Address dam safety, HazMat, energy, and solid waste/debris issues.
- Coordinate debris removal with DelDOT as referenced in the “Debris management Plan”.

**County and Local Fire Service**
- Local officials and local fire service organizations shall assess their conditions and potential hazards of reentry.
- Assess safety of damaged area(s)/structure(s) for public/private use.
- Notify proper authorities to inspect damaged area(s)/structure(s) for public/private use, as appropriate.
- Prepare and forward fire reports to the State Fire Marshal’s office.
- Participate in post-disaster critiques.
- Make appropriate recommendations for changes to the Fire and Rescue ESC.

**County and Local Emergency Management Agencies**
- Assess and/or re-establish communications with all areas and emergency management or emergency response agencies.
- Participate in post-disaster critiques.
- Make appropriate recommendations for procedural changes.

**Local Law Enforcement**
- Assist DSP with traffic control and security, as required.
- Participate in post-disaster critiques.
- Make appropriate recommendations for procedural changes.
VI. Evacuation Routes

Figure SC-7: Delaware Evacuation Routes
A. Primary Evacuation Routes

The primary evacuation routes for Sussex County are indicated in Table SC-7 and SC-8, and illustrated in Figure SC-7. These evacuation routes are all unlimited access roadways with numerous entrances and exits. Therefore, it will not be possible to limit access to the designated primary evacuation routes during an emergency, and it is anticipated that traffic flow will continue normally along these routes. It is expected that evacuees will utilize the outbound lane(s) with emergency vehicles being directed to the inbound lane(s). All primary evacuation routes are signed. TMC, with assistance from the DSP, will provide traffic management and control along the designated evacuation routes. See Appendix A for the intersection control diagrams which show traffic control setups based on the guidelines in the 2011 Delaware Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ROUTE</th>
<th>FROM</th>
<th>TO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SR-1</td>
<td>Maryland Border</td>
<td>Kent County Border</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE 5</td>
<td>Oak Orchard</td>
<td>DE 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE 5</td>
<td>DE 24</td>
<td>US 9/DE 404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE 23</td>
<td>Massey Landing</td>
<td>DE 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE 30</td>
<td>DE 24</td>
<td>SR 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US 13</td>
<td>Maryland Line</td>
<td>Kent County Line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US 113</td>
<td>Maryland Line</td>
<td>Kent County Line</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table SC-1: Primary evacuation Routes (North/South)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ROUTE</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DE 20</td>
<td>DE 54</td>
<td>US 113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE 24</td>
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<td>DE 26</td>
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<td>US 113</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE 16</td>
<td>SR 1</td>
<td>Maryland Line</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table SC-2: Primary Evacuation Routes (East/West)
B. Secondary Evacuation Routes
A network of secondary evacuation routes direct local residents to the primary evacuation routes and also can be utilized to reroute traffic during an evacuation in the event that the primary evacuation routes become impassible. The secondary evacuation routes are described in Table SC-9 below and also shown in Figure SC-7. All secondary evacuation routes are signed. TMC, with assistance from the DSP, will provide traffic management and control along the secondary evacuation routes. See Appendix A for the intersection control diagrams which show traffic control setups based on the 2011 Delaware Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ROUTE</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DE 5</td>
<td>WILLIAMS FARM ROAD</td>
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</tr>
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<td>DE 20</td>
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<td>US 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>DE 30</td>
<td>US 13</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>Redden Road (Rd 40)</td>
<td>US 113</td>
<td>US 13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table SC-3: Secondary Evacuation Routes (East/West)
VII. Local Routes
Local municipalities will perform traffic management and control along local roads, i.e., roads not designated as primary or secondary evacuation routes.

VIII. Resources
The TMC has determined the required resources for traffic control of each intersection. Please see Appendix A for resource details.

IX. Shelters
DEMA will establish shelters as needed and DelDOT will ensure ingress and egress to the facilities.
APPENDIX A
Intersection Control Diagrams
NOTES:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL
PRIMARY EVACUATION ROUTE

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

| TRAFFIC CONES | 10 |
| ARROW BOARDS | 3 |
| VMS | 0 |
| DELDOT PERSONNEL | 3 |
| DELDOT TRUCKS | 3 |
| DSP - TROOP 7 | 0 |
| LOCAL POLICE - BETHANY BEACH | 2 |
| FIRE POLICE - BETHANY BEACH | 0 |
| BARRETT | 3 |
| LIGHT PLANTS | 0 |

CONE TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SR-1 SB</td>
<td>TAPER CLOSING SHOULDER (75') 3 @ 35' TAPER CLOSING LEFT LANE (225') 9 @ 35' SHIFT TRAFFIC TO DEL 26 WB (320') 27 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 26 WB</td>
<td>SEPARATE EB &amp; WB DEL 26 TRAFFIC (845+’) 25 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 26 EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO SR-1 SB (340') 9 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR-1 NB</td>
<td>TAPER CLOSING SHOULDER (75') 3 @ 35' TAPER CLOSING RIGHT LANE (225') 9 @ 35' SHIFT TRAFFIC TO DEL 26 WB (450') 13 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY
LOCATIONS: INTERSECTION OF SR-1 & DEL 26
**PRIMARY EVACUATION ROUTE**

**LEGEND**
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELODOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT
- PRIMARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- SECONDARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- TRAFFIC CONTROLLER
- VMS
- JURISDICTION
- BARRICADE

**NOTE:**
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

**CONES & SPACING**
- SR-1 NB: 7 @ 55'
- SR-1 SB: 7 @ 55'
- FRED HUDSON RD. EB: 6 @ 40'

**EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>QUANTITY</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TRAFFIC CONES</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARROW BOARDS</td>
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<tr>
<td>VMS</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DELODOT PERSONNEL</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DELODOT TRUCKS</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - TROOP 7</td>
<td>2 (J)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCAL POLICE - BETHANY BEACH</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIRE POLICE - BETHANY BEACH</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIGHT PLANTS</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BARRICADES</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP</td>
<td>DELODOT AREA 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PROJECT:** SUSSEX COUNTY

**LOCATION:** INTERSECTION OF SR-1 & FRED HUDSON RD (RD360)

**DATE:** 06/2016

**CONTROL POINT:** BJC
NOTE:
- PROHIBIT ALL ACCESS TO NB SR-1. BARRICADES SHOULD BE INSTALLED ACROSS ROADWAY AND STAGGERED FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLE ACCESS.

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

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<tr>
<td>Police</td>
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<tr>
<td>DelDOT Personnel</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Trucks</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP, TROOP 7</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - Bethany Beach</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Police - Bethany Beach</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Plants</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barricades</td>
<td>3</td>
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CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Approach</th>
<th>Taper/Tangent (FT)</th>
<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SR-1 NB</td>
<td>Close Through Lanes (660')</td>
<td>16 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tangent Into Turn Lane (700')</td>
<td>16 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
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</table>

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
NOTES:
- PROHIBIT ALL ACCESS TO SB SR-1 SOUTH OF TOWERS ROAD
- BARRICADES SHOULD BE INSTALLED ACROSS ROADWAY AND STAGGERED FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLE ACCESS

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Equipment &amp; Personnel</th>
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<td>DelDOT Trucks</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP (J)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - None</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Police - None</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barricades</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Plants</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resp. for Equip. Setup</td>
<td>0</td>
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CONE TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Approach</th>
<th>Taper/Tangent (FT)</th>
<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SR 1 SB</td>
<td>Close through lanes (350')</td>
<td>15 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tangent into turn lane (350')</td>
<td>15 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE:
- OFFICER NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

---

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
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<tr>
<td>DELDOT Personnel</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DELDOT Trucks</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - Troop 7</td>
<td>1 (J)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - None</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Police - Lewes/Rehobeth</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Plants</td>
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<td>Resp. For Equip. Setup</td>
<td>DELDOT Area 4</td>
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CONE TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

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<th>Approach</th>
<th>Taper/Tangent (FT)</th>
<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO SR-1 SB (875')</td>
<td>25 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY EVACUATION PLAN
LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF SR-1 & DEL 24
NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER / TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 WB</td>
<td>ALL TRAFFIC MUST TURN RIGHT (1300')</td>
<td>40 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 EB</td>
<td>ALL TRAFFIC MUST TURN LEFT (470')</td>
<td>15 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLANTATION RD SB</td>
<td>ONLY THROUGH TRAFFIC (360')</td>
<td>10 @ 45'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLANTATION RD NB</td>
<td>CLOSE RIGHT TURN LANE (530')</td>
<td>15 @ 45'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

| TRAFFIC CONES | 80 |
| ARROW BOARDS  | 2  |
| VMS           | 0  |
| DELDOT PERSONNEL | 2 |
| DELDOT TRUCKS | 2  |
| DSP – TROOP 7 | 2 (J) |
| LOCAL POLICE – NONE | |
| FIRE POLICE – LEWES/REHOBETH | 0 |
| LIGHT PLANTS | 1  |
| RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP | DELDOT AREA 4 |
EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

TRAFFIC CONES: 140
ARROW BOARDS: 2
DELDOT PERSONNEL: 2
DELDOT TRUCKS: 2
DSP - TROOP 7: 0
LOCAL POLICE - LEWES: 0
FIRE POLICE - LEWES: 0
CHURCH ST EB: 0
PLANTATION RD NB: 0

CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER / TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SR-1 NB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANES (1995')</td>
<td>36 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR-1 SR</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANES (1762')</td>
<td>14 @ 55'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CLOSE RIGHT TURN LANES (648')</td>
<td>12 @ 55'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLANTATION RD NB</td>
<td>CLOSE THROUGH LANE (275')</td>
<td>9 @ 20'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHURCH ST LB</td>
<td>ALL TRAFFIC MUST TURN LEFT (108')</td>
<td>5 @ 20'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US-9 EB</td>
<td>CLOSE THROUGH LANES (830')</td>
<td>23 @ 40'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US-9 WB</td>
<td>CLOSE THROUGH LANES (1730')</td>
<td>43 @ 40'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE:
- Officers needed only if no power to traffic signal

DELDOT TRUCK
- TRAFFIC CONTROLLER
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER / TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SR-1 SB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE - 415'</td>
<td>8 @ 55'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 16 WB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO SR-1 SB - 208'</td>
<td>4 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 16 EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO SR-1 NB - 224'</td>
<td>5 @ 50'</td>
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EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY
- TRAFFIC CONES: 17
- ARROW BOARDS: 1
- VMS: 0
- DELDOT PERSONNEL: 1
- DELDOT TRUCKS: 1
- DSP - TROOP 7: 2
- LOCAL POLICE - MILTON: 0
- FIRE POLICE - MILTON: 0
- BARRICADES: 0
- LIGHT PANTS: 0
- RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP: DELDOT AREA 3

PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY
LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF SR-1 & DEL 16
DATE: 06/2016
CONTROL POINT: BJC
NOTE:
- OFFICER NEEDED ONLY IF NO
POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNALS

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
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<td>Arrow Boards</td>
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<td>VMS</td>
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<tr>
<td>DelDOT Personnel</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Trucks</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - Troop 7</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - Milton</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fire Police - Milton</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Plants</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Resp. for Equip. Setup</td>
<td>DelDOT Area 3</td>
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</table>

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY EVACUATION PLAN
LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF DEL 54 & DUKES AVENUE (RD58D)
DATE: 06/2016
BY: BJC

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EVACUATION PLAN
SUSSEX COUNTY
PROJECT:
LOCATION:
DATE:
CONTROL POINT:

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

<table>
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<th>Quantity</th>
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<tr>
<td>VMS</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Personnel</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Trucks</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - Troop 7</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - Milton</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Police - Milton</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESP. For Equip. Setup</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE:
- Officer needed only if no power to traffic signals

CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Approach</th>
<th>Taper / Tangent (FT)</th>
<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Del 54 WB</td>
<td>Remove Access to Left Lane (1492')</td>
<td>38 @ 40'</td>
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</table>

PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY EVACUATION PLAN
LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF DEL 54 & DEL 20

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

06/2016
BY: BUC

12
NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER / TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 WB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (337')</td>
<td>7 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO DEL 5 SB (100')</td>
<td>4 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- TRAFFIC CONES: 11
- ARROW BOARDS: 1
- VMS: 0
- DELDOT PERSONNEL: 2
- DELDOT TRUCKS: 1
- DSP - TROOP 7: 2 (J)
- LOCAL POLICE - INDIAN RIVER: 0
- FIRE POLICE - INDIAN RIVER: 0
- LIGHT PLANTS: 0
- RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP: DELDOT AREA 4
NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

DEL 23 WB
CONE TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER / TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DEL 23 WB</td>
<td>CLOSE RIGHT TURN LANE (515')</td>
<td>13 @ 40'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 SB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO DEC 23 WB (352')</td>
<td>8 @ 45'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DEL 5/23

LEGEND
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELDOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT
- PRIMARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- SECONDARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- TRAFFIC CONTROLLER
- VMS
- JURISDICTION
- BARRICADE

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

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<th>EQUIPMENT &amp; PERSONNEL</th>
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</thead>
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<td>VMS</td>
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<td>DELDOT PERSONNEL</td>
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<tr>
<td>DELDOT TRUCKS</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - TROOP 7</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCAL POLICE - NONE</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIRE POLICE - INDIAN RIVER</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIGHT PLANTS</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP</td>
<td>DELDOT AREA 4</td>
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PRIMARY EVACUATION ROUTE

**EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY**

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<th>Equipment</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
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<tr>
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<td>VMS</td>
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<tr>
<td>DelDOT Personnel</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Trucks</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - Troop 7</td>
<td>2 (J)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - Milton</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Police - State</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Plants</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resp. For Equip. Setup</td>
<td>DelDOT Area 3</td>
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**CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Approach</th>
<th>Taper / Tangent (FT)</th>
<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US 9 EB</td>
<td>All Traffic Must Turn Right (461')</td>
<td>10 @ 45'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Del 5 SB</td>
<td>All Traffic Must Turn Right (355')</td>
<td>9 @ 40'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:**
- Officers needed if no power to traffic signal

**LEGEND**
- Directs Traffic
- Police Barricade
- DelDOT Truck
- Arrow Board
- CCTV
- Traffic Cone
- Light Plant
- Primary Evacuation Direction
- Secondary Evacuation Direction
- Traffic Controller
- VMS
- Jurisdiction
- Barricade

**DRAWING NOT TO SCALE**
NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

**CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER /TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DEL 30 NB</td>
<td>CLOSE RIGHT TURN LANE (150')</td>
<td>6 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 30 SB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 9 WB (268')</td>
<td>6 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US 9 EB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT LANE (286')</td>
<td>6 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US 9 WB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT LANE (260')</td>
<td>6 @ 50'</td>
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</table>
Primary Evacuation Route

Legend:
- Directs Traffic
- Police Barricade
- DelDot Truck
- Arrow Board
- CCTV
- Traffic Cone
- Light Plant
- VMS

Note:
- Officers needed only if no power to traffic signal

Equipment & Personnel Summary:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Cones</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arrow Boards</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VMS</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDot Personnel</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDot Trucks</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - Troop 7</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - Milton</td>
<td>2 (J)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Police - Milton</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Plants</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barricades</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resp. for Equip. Setup</td>
<td>DelDot Area 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Drawing Not to Scale
# PRIMARY EVACUATION ROUTE

**Legend:**
- **DIRECTS TRAFFIC**
- **POLICE BARRICADE**
- **DELDOT TRUCK**
- **ARROW BOARD**
- **CCTV**
- **TRAFFIC CONE**
- **LIGHT PLANT**

**Equipment & Personnel Summary**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Cones</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arrow Boards</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VMS</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Personnel</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Trucks</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - TROOP / J</td>
<td>2 (J)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - Milton</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Police - Milton</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Plants</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resp. For Equip. Setup</td>
<td>DelDOT Area 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**
- Officers needed if no power to traffic signal.

**Project:**
- Sussex County Evacuation Plan

**Location:**
- Intersection of Del 16 & Del 30

**Date:**
- 02/20/16

**Control Point:**
- CP 18

**Drawing not to scale**
**EVACUATION PLAN**

**SUSSEX COUNTY**

**PROJECT:**

**LOCATION:**

**DATE:**

**BY:**

**CONTROL POINT:**

**DRAWING NOT TO SCALE**

**SUSSEX COUNTY EVACUATION PLAN**

**INTERSECTION OF**

**US 113 & DEL 54**

---

**EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Cones</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arrow Boards</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VMS</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Personnel</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Trucks</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - Troop 4</td>
<td>2 (J)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - Selbyville</td>
<td>2 (J)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Police - Selbyville</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Police - Selbyville</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Plants</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resp. for Equip. Setup</td>
<td>DelDOT Area 5</td>
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**NOTE:**

- Officers needed only if no power to traffic signal

---

**CONE TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Approach</th>
<th>Taper / Tangent (ft)</th>
<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US 113 SB</td>
<td>Close Left Turn Lane (535')</td>
<td>11 @ 55'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Del 54 EB</td>
<td>Shift Traffic to US 113 SB (250')</td>
<td>9 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US 113 NB</td>
<td>Close Left Turn Lane (388')</td>
<td>8 @ 55'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Del 54 WB</td>
<td>Shift Traffic to US 113 NB (425')</td>
<td>15 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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---

**LEGEND**

- Directs Traffic
- Police Barricade
- DelDOT Truck
- Arrow Board
- CCTV
- Traffic Cone
- Primary Evacuation Direction
- Secondary Evacuation Direction
- VMS
- Jurisdiction
- Barricade
- Light Plant

---

**02/2016**

---

**20**
PRIMARY EVACUATION ROUTE

LEGEND
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELDOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT

PRIMARY EVACUATION
SECONDARY EVACUATION
DIRECTION
DIRECTION

CONTROL POINT
BJC

NOTE:
- OFFICER NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

| TRAFFIC CONES | 43 |
| ARROW BOARDS | 0 |
| VMS | 0 |
| DELDOT PERSONNEL | 0 |
| DELDOT TRUCKS | 0 |
| DSP – TROOP (NONE) | 0 |
| LOCAL POLICE – MILLSBORO | 1 (J) |
| FIRE POLICE – MILLSBORO | 0 |
| LIGHT PLANTS | 0 |
| RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP | DELDOT AREA 5 |

CONES & SPACING

| APPROACH | TAPER / TANGENT (FT) | CONES & SPACING |
| DEL 24 WB | CLOSE RIGHT TURN LANE (424') | 15 @ 35' |
| | CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (390') | 16 @ 25' |
| DEL 24 EB | CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (212') | 7 @ 35' |
| DEL 30 WB | CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (140') | 5 @ 35' |

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY EVACUATION PLAN
LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF DEL 24 / DEL 30 & STATE STREET (RD326)
DATE: 02/2016
BY: BUC

PAGE 21
NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

Cones & Spacing

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<th>Approach</th>
<th>Taper / Tangent (ft)</th>
<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US 113 SB</td>
<td>Close Left Turn Lane (570')</td>
<td>11 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 EB</td>
<td>Shift Traffic To US 113 SB (780')</td>
<td>32 @ 25'</td>
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<tr>
<td>US 113 NB</td>
<td>Close Left Turn Lane (665')</td>
<td>12 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 WB</td>
<td>Shift Traffic To US 113 NB (665')</td>
<td>27 @ 25'</td>
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EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

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<td>DELDOT PERSONNEL</td>
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<tr>
<td>DELDOT TRUCKS</td>
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<tr>
<td>DSP - TROOP 4</td>
<td>2 (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCAL POLICE - MILLSBORO</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>FIRE POLICE - MILLSBORO</td>
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<tr>
<td>LIGHT PLANTS</td>
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<tr>
<td>RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP</td>
<td>DELDOT AREA 4</td>
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### Cone Taper & Tangent Lengths

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<tr>
<td>US 113 SB</td>
<td>Close Left Turn Lane (1080')</td>
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<tr>
<td>US 9 EB</td>
<td>Shift Traffic to US 113 SB (465')</td>
<td>15 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US 113 NB</td>
<td>Close Left Turn Lane (635')</td>
<td>13 @ 50'</td>
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<tr>
<td>US 9 WB</td>
<td>Shift Traffic to US 113 NB (600')</td>
<td>19 @ 35'</td>
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### Equipment & Personnel Summary

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<tr>
<td>DelDOT Personnel</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Trucks</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP - Troop 4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police - Georgetown</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Police - Georgetown</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Plants</td>
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</table>

### Notes:
- Officers needed only if no power to traffic signal.
NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNALS
**SUSSEX COUNTY**

**INTERSECTION OF**

**US 113 & DEL 404/18**

**EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY**

- **TRAFFIC CONES:** 77
- **ARROW BOARDS:** 2
- **VMS:** 0
- **DELDOT PERSONNEL:** 2
- **DELDOT TRUCKS:** 2
- **DSP - TROOP 4:** 0
- **LOCAL POLICE - GEORGETOWN:** 3 (J)
- **FIRE POLICE - GEORGETOWN:** 0
- **LIGHT PLANTS:** 0
- **RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP:** 2

**RESP. FOR LIGHT PLANTS:** 0

**NOTE:** OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNALS

**CONES & SPACING**

- **US 113 SB:**
  - **CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (BEDFORD ST) [915']**:
    - Taper: 17 @ 55'
    - Tangent: 12 @ 55'
  - **CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (DEL 404) [630']**:
    - Taper: 19 @ 40'
    - Tangent: 10 @ 40'
  - **PREVENT LEFT TURN (220')**: 10 @ 25'

- **US 113 NB:**
  - **TAPER CLOSING SHOULDER (220')**: 4 @ 55'
  - **CLOSE RIGHT TURN LANE (780')**: 15 @ 55'

**PROJECT:** EVACUATION PLAN

**DRAWING NOT TO SCALE**

**LOCATION:** SUSSEX COUNTY

**DATE:** 02/2016

**CONTROL POINT:** BJC
EVA C U A T I O N  P L A N
SUSSEX COUNTY
PROJECT:
LOCATION:
DATE:
BY:
CONTROL POINT:

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

PRIMARY EVACUATION ROUTE

LEGEND
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELDOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT

PRIMARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
SECONDARY EVACUATION DIRECTION

02/2016

CON T R O L P O I N T:

US 113 SB
CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (530')
12 @ 55'

US 113 NB
CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (535')
12 @ 55'

REDDEN RD EB
SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 113 SB (360')
10 @ 50'

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

TRAFFIC CONES
ARROW BOARDS
VMS
DELDOT PERSONNEL
DELDOT TRUCKS
DSP - TROOP 4
LOCAL POLICE - NONE
FIRE POLICE - ELLENDALE
LIGHT PLANTS
RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP

34
1
0
1
1
2 (J)
0
0
1
DELDOT AREA 3

CON T A P E R & T A N G E N T L E N G T H S

APPROACH TAPER / TANGENT (FT) CONES & SPACING
US 113 SB CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (530') 12 @ 55'
US 113 NB CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (535') 12 @ 55'
REDDEN RD EB SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 113 SB (360') 10 @ 50'

SUSSEX COUNTY
INTERSECTIO N OF
US 113 & REDDEN ROAD (RD40)

02/2016

BUC

27
PRIMARY EVACUATION ROUTE

NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNALS

CONVEY TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER /TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US 113 SB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (640')</td>
<td>15 @ .55'</td>
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<tr>
<td>DEL 16 EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 113 SB (675')</td>
<td>22 @ .35'</td>
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</table>

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

- TRAFFIC CONES: 37
- ARROW BOARDS: 1
- VMS: 0
- DELDOT PERSONNEL: 1
- DELDOT TRUCKS: 1
- DSP - TROOP 4 & 5: 2 (J)
- LOCAL POLICE - ELLENDALE: 0
- FIRE POLICE - ELLENDALE: 0
- LIGHT PLANTS: 0
- RESPONSIBLE FOR EQUIP SETUP: DELDOT AREA 3

PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY EVACUATION PLAN
LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF US 113 & DEL 16
DATE: 02/2016
CONTROL POINT: 28
SECONDARY EVACUATION ROUTE

LEGEND
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELDOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT
- PRIMARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- SECONDARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- TRAFFIC CONTROLLER
- VMS
- JURISDICTION

NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

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<td>DELDOT TRUCKS</td>
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<td>DSP - TROOP 5 &amp; DELMAR LOCAL POLICE - DELMAR</td>
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<td>FIRE POLICE - DELMAR</td>
<td>2 (J)</td>
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CON TrAFFIC CONE & TANGENT LENGTHS

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<th>Taper/Tangent (FT)</th>
<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US 13 SB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (610')</td>
<td>12 @ 55'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 54 WB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 NB (540')</td>
<td>12 @ 50'</td>
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PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY EVACUATION PLAN
LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF US 13 & DEL 54
DATE: 02/01/16
CONTROL POINT: 29

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
SECONDARY EVACUATION ROUTE

LEGEND
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELDOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT

TRAFFIC TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS
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<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US 13 SB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (440')</td>
<td>8 @ 55'</td>
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EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY
<table>
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<th>TRAFFIC CONES</th>
<th>ARROW BOARDS</th>
<th>VMS</th>
<th>DELDOT PERSONNEL</th>
<th>DELDOT TRUCKS</th>
<th>DSP - TROOP 5</th>
<th>LOCAL POLICE - NB-LAUREL &amp; SB-DELMAR</th>
<th>FIRE POLICE - NB-LAUREL &amp; SB-DELMAR</th>
<th>LIGHT PLANTS</th>
<th>RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2 (J)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>DELDOT AREA 1</td>
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</table>
LEGEND
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELDOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT
- PRIMARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- SECONDARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- TRAFFIC CONTROLLER
- VMS
- JURISDICTION
- BARRICADE

NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNALS

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

| TRAFFIC CONES | 39 |
| VMS          | 0  |
| DELDOT PERSONNEL | 2 |
| DELDOT TRUCKS | 2  |
| DSP - TROOP 5 | 2  |
| LOCAL POLICE - LAUREL | 0 |
| FIRE POLICE - LAUREL | 0 |
| LIGHT PLANTS | 0  |
| RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP | DELDOT AREA 1 |

CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER / TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US 13 SB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (480')</td>
<td>10 @ 50'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 SB (380')</td>
<td>11 @ 35'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEL 24 WB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 NB (770')</td>
<td>18 @ 45'</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

SUSSEX COUNTY
EVACUATION PLAN
INTERSECTION OF US 13 & DEL 24

02/2016
BY: BUC

02/2016
BY: BUC

32
SECONDARY EVACUATION ROUTE

CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
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<th>TAPER/TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
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<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (590')</td>
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<td>GEORGETOWN RD EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 SB (380')</td>
<td>11 @ 35'</td>
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<tr>
<td>US 9 WB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 NB (470')</td>
<td>14 @ 35'</td>
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EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

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<th>ITEM</th>
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<td>DELDOT TRUCKS</td>
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<td>DSP - TROOP 5</td>
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<tr>
<td>LOCAL POLICE - LAUREL</td>
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<td>FIRE POLICE - LAUREL</td>
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<td>LIGHT PLANTS</td>
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<td>RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP</td>
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NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL
SECONDARY EVACUATION ROUTE

NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL
SECONDARY EVACUATION ROUTE

LEGEND
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELDOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT

DIRECTION
- PRIMARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- SECONDARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- TRAFFIC CONTROLLER
- VMS
- JURISDICTION
- BARRICADE

NOTE:
OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

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<td>DELDOT TRUCKS</td>
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<tr>
<td>DSP - TROOP 5</td>
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<td>LOCAL POLICE</td>
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<td>FIRE POLICE</td>
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<td>LIGHT PLANTS</td>
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<td>RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP</td>
<td>DELDOT AREA 1</td>
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CONE TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

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<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US 13 SB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (570')</td>
<td>13 @ 45'</td>
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<td>DEL 20 EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 SB (325')</td>
<td>10 @ 35'</td>
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<tr>
<td>US 13 NB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (500')</td>
<td>12 @ 45'</td>
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<tr>
<td>DEL 20 WB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 NB (550')</td>
<td>16 @ 35'</td>
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DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY EVACUATION PLAN
LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF US 13 & CONCORD RD (RD20)
DATE: 02/2016
CONTROL POINT: 35
PRIMARY EVACUATION ROUTE

LEGEND
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- PRIMARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- SECONDARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELDOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT

APPROACH | TAPER/TANGENT LTS | CONES & SPACING
---------|-------------------|-----------------
US 13 SB | CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (1095') | 32 @ 35'
S MAIN ST EB | SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 SB (1185') | 34 @ 35'
DEL 404 WB | TAPER CLOSING LFT LANE (245') | 9 @ 35'
| SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 NB (3300') | 15 @ 35'

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY
- TRAFFIC CONES: 90
- ARROW BOARDS: 2
- CCTV: 0
- DELDOT PERSONNEL: 2
- DELDOT TRUCKS: 2
- DSP - GROUP 3: 3 (J)
- LOCAL POLICE - WILMINGTON AT US 13: 2 (J)
- FIRE POLICE - BRIDGEVILLE: 0
- LIGHT PLANTS: 0
- RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP: DELDOT AREA 2

NOTE: OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
SECONDARY EVACUATION ROUTE

NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNALS

CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER / TANGENT [FT]</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US 13 SB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (585')</td>
<td>11 @ .55'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REDDEN RD EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 SB (410')</td>
<td>11 @ .40'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REDDEN RD WB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 NB (460')</td>
<td>12 @ .40'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

- TRAFFIC CONES: 34
- ARROW BOARDS: 2
- VMS: 0
- DELDOT PERSONNEL: 2
- DELDOT TRUCKS: 2
- DSP - TROOP 5: 2 [J]
- LOCAL POLICE - BRIDGEVILLE: 0
- FIRE POLICE - BRIDGEVILLE: 0
- LIGHT PLANTS: 0
- RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP: DELDOT AREA 2
PRIMARY EVACUATION ROUTE

LEGEND
- DIRECTS TRAFFIC
- POLICE BARRICADE
- DELDOT TRUCK
- ARROW BOARD
- CCTV
- TRAFFIC CONE
- LIGHT PLANT
- PRIMARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- SECONDARY EVACUATION DIRECTION
- TRAFFIC CONTROLLER
- VMS
- (J) - JURISDICTION
- BARRICADE

NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNAL

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

| TRAFFIC CONES | 22 |
| ARROW BOARDS | 1 |
| VMS | 0 |
| DELDOT PERSONNEL | 1 |
| DELDOT TRUCKS | 1 |
| DSP - TROOP 5 | 2 (J) |
| LOCAL POLICE - BRIDGEVILLE | 0 |
| FIRE POLICE - BRIDGEVILLE | 0 |
| LIGHT PLANTS | 0 |
| RESP. FOR EQUIP. SETUP | DELDOT AREA 2 |

CONE TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROACH</th>
<th>TAPER / TANGENT (FT)</th>
<th>CONES &amp; SPACING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DEL 404 EB</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 SB (500')</td>
<td>12 @ 45'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US 13 SB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (500')</td>
<td>10 @ 55'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

PROJECT: SUSSEX COUNTY EVACUATION PLAN
LOCATION: INTERSECTION OF US 13 & NEWTOWN ROAD (RD582)
DATE: 02/2016
CONTROL POINT: 38
NOTE:
- OFFICERS NEEDED ONLY IF NO POWER TO TRAFFIC SIGNALS

EQUIPMENT & PERSONNEL SUMMARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Cones</td>
<td>18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arrow Boards</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VMS</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Personnel</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelDOT Trucks</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP – Troop 5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Police – Greenwood</td>
<td>2 (J)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Police – Greenwood</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detour Signs</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resp. for Equip. Setup</td>
<td>DelDOT Area 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CONES TAPER & TANGENT LENGTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Approach</th>
<th>Taper / Tangent (FT)</th>
<th>Cones &amp; Spacing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DEL 16 EB</td>
<td>CLOSE LEFT TURN LANE (160')</td>
<td>7 @ 25'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVERNORS AVE</td>
<td>SHIFT TRAFFIC TO US 13 NB (260')</td>
<td>11 @ 25'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX B
USDOT National Response Program
National Response Program

The National Response Program (NRP), located in the Office of Intelligence, Security, and Emergency Response (S-60), is responsible for coordinating the Department’s preparedness, response, and recovery activities in all-hazard incidents and to support the Secretary's responsibilities under the National Response Framework (NRF), Emergency Support Function-1 (ESF-1) Transportation.

The NRP has a team of over 150 members nationwide to carry out the ESF-1 functions. The team includes a National Program Manager, Deputy Manager, Operational Planner, 7 Regional Emergency Transportation Coordinators (RETCOs), 10 Regional Emergency Transportation Representatives (RETREPs), and numerous Regional Emergency Transportation Cadre (RET-C) members representing all DOT Operating Administrations. In each region, the RETCO is designated as the Secretary's executive-level representative to ensure preparedness, response, and recovery activities are effectively carried out. RETREPs handle day-to-day program issues and coordinate disaster and special events planning efforts between DOT and Federal, State, local, Tribal and Territorial, and private sector emergency planners. During incident and event responses, RETREPs lead DOT transportation operations in FEMA’s various operation centers in the affected regions. In addition, the NRP is supported by a diverse group of RET-C representing all USDOT Operating Administrations. RET-C members are trained to a minimum all-hazards, all modes standard and may be activated during an incident or event.

National Response Framework

The National Response Framework (NRF) is a guide to how the Nation conducts all-hazards response. It is built upon scalable, flexible, and adaptable coordinating structures to align key roles and responsibilities across the Nation, linking all levels of government, nongovernmental organizations, and the private sector. Under the NRF, Emergency Support Functions (ESF) provides the structure for coordinating Federal interagency support for a Federal response to an incident. The Department of Transportation is the lead and primary coordinating agency for ESF-1 with the support of 10 partner agencies.

The five mission areas for ESF-1 under the NRF include:

- Monitor and report status of and damage to the transportation system and infrastructure
- Identify temporary alternative transportation solutions that can be implemented by others
- Perform activities conducted under the direct authority of DOT elements
- Coordinate the restoration and recovery of the transportation system and infrastructure
- Coordinate and support prevention, preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation activities among transportation stakeholders
ESF-1 Regional Personnel Locations

DOT HQ, Washington, DC
NRPM: David Schilling (Acting)
DRPM
Operations Planner: Alex Appel

Region AK, Anchorage
RETCO: David Suomi
RETREP: Cindy Sacks

Region X, Seattle
RETCO: David Suomi
RETREP: David Lutes

Region VIII, Denver
RETCO: Rick Suarez
RETREP: Ron Williams

Region V, Chicago
RETCO: John Rohlf
RETREP: Jeff McSpaden

Region I, Boston
RETCO: Mary Beth Mello
RETREP: Terry Sheehan

Region II, New York
RETCO: Marie Kennington-Gardner
RETREP: Jim Robinson

Region III, Philadelphia
RETCO: Pearlis Johnson
RETREP: Lisa Brennan

Region IV, Atlanta
RETCO: Pearlis Johnson
RETREP: Leah Russell

Region VI, Fort Worth
RETCO: Michael O’Harra
RETREP: Gary Barber

Region IX, Oakland, CA
RETCO: David Suomi
RETREP-N: Vacant
RETREP-S: Kristan Hericks

For additional information, please visit the USDOT Emergency Website at http://www.dot.gov/emergency and/or contact: 24hrs: DOT CMC Watch – 202-366-1863

Program Manager
Mr. David Schilling (Acting)
David.Schilling@dot.gov
202-366-0642

Deputy Manager

Operations Planner
Mr. Alex Appel
Alex.Appel@dot.gov
202-366-0737
Emergency Relief Funding and Emergency Docket
Agenda

- FTA Emergency Relief Program
- Other U.S. Department of Transportation funding programs
- FTA Emergency Docket
- U.S. Department of Transportation National Response Program
FTA Emergency Relief Program

• Authorized by Congress in 2012 under MAP-21
• FTA may issue grants to reimburse capital and operating costs associated with response to and recovery from a declared emergency or major disaster
• Authorized, but requires additional appropriation (general or event specific)
When funding has been appropriated:

- FTA can issue grants after:
  - Stafford Act declaration
    - Emergency
    - Major Disaster
  - “Emergency” declared by the governor of a state and concurrence by the Secretary of Transportation
- FTA Emergency Relief must be used before FEMA funds
When FTA ER Funding is Awarded:

- FTA portion is 80% of project costs
  - FTA Administrator can waive the non-federal share
  - FTA Administrator can defer the local share
- Reimburses approved costs incurred
  - Grantees must keep detailed records of costs and alignment of costs specifically with the approved project
  - Pre-award authority
FTA ER Funding Can be Used For:

- **Capital Costs**
  - Repair, replace, reconstruct seriously damaged public transportation system elements
    - Rolling stock
    - Equipment
    - Facilities
    - Infrastructure

- **Emergency protective measures**
  - Emergency communications
  - Security forces
  - Sandbagging
  - Bracing/shoring damaged structures
  - Debris removal
  - Dewatering
  - Removal of health and safety hazards
• Operating Costs
  – Emergency transportation services
    • Evacuations
    • Rescue operations
    • Bus, rail, or ferry service to replace inoperable rail service
    • Additional service for influx of passengers
    • Returning evacuees to their homes
    • Net project costs to reestablish, expand, or relocate public transportation services
When FTA ER Funds Are Not Appropriated:

• FEMA funds may be requested under a Stafford Act Declaration
  – Requested via the state
  – 75% federal Share, 25% non-federal share

• Use of formula funds under Section 5307 and Section 5311 may be requested
  – 80% federal share for capital
  – 50% federal share for operating
FHWA ER Program

• May be available in cases of a road or bridge being damaged or destroyed by a disaster
• May be available for reimbursement of additional transit services
• Eligible costs may include cost of vehicles; rental fees for vehicles; maintenance and operation costs for vehicles; and docking and loading facilities
• Contact Regional FTA office before FHWA
FTA Emergency Docket

- 49 CFR 601, subpart D
- Can provide temporary relief from the provisions of any policy statement, circular, guidance document or rule applying to FTA grantees or subgrantees
- Opened within two business days of an emergency or disaster declaration where FTA grantees/subgrantees impacted
- Can be opened in advance of event
- Petition process to open the docket
By January 31st, each year

• Establishment of Emergency Relief Docket:
  – Accessed on www.regulations.gov
  – Notice placed in the Federal Register
  – Posted on FTA website