APPENDIX V

DESCRIPTION OF PREHISTORIC SITE ATTRIBUTES RECORDED IN GENERAL SURVEY

Description of Prehistoric Site Attributes Recorded in General Survey

Listed below is a description of the attributes recorded for all sites encountered in the general site survey. The defining characteristics of the cultural periods and complexes are taken from Custer (1984).

Site Number - trinomial archaeological site number assigned by the BAHP

CRS Number - Kent County cultural resources survey number assigned by the BAHP

USGS Quad - name of the USGS 7.5' quadrangle map on which the site is located

UTM North, UTM East - the universal transverse mercator coordinates of the site

Geomorphological Setting - description of the topographic feature associated with the site

Primary and Secondary Soil Series - USDA soil series associated
with the site

Drainage - major drainage associated with the site

Surface Water Setting - description of the surface water closest to the site - the main distinction is between flowing streams and closed bay/basin features

Confluence - presence/absence of a stream confluence

Water Distance - distance in meters to the closest surface water

Slope - slope of the ground surface in degrees as taken from the
USDA soils maps

Aspect - exposure direction of the ground surface at the site
location

Elevation - elevation above sea level in meters

Paleo-Indian - presence/absence of Paleo-Indian Period components as defined by the presence of fluted and early notched points (Palmer, Kirk, Amos)

Archaic - presence/absence of Archaic Period components as
defined by the presence of bifurcate points

Woodland I - presence/absence of Woodland I Period components as defined by the presence of non-Minguannan ceramics and a variety of stemmed, notched, and broad blade projectile points

Woodland II - presence/absence of Woodland II Period components as defined by the presence of Minguannan, Townsend, or Killens ceramics and triangular projectile points

Clyde Farm (CF) - presence/absence of Clyde Farm complex components as defined by the presence of broad blade, stemmed, and notched points, steatite bowls, and experimental ceramics

Wolfe Neck (WN) - presence/absence of Wolfe Neck complex components as defined by the presence of stemmed and notched points and Wolfe Neck ceramics

Carey (CA) - presence/absence of Carey complex components as definedby thepresence of Mockley ceramics and stemmed points

Webb (WB) - presence/absence of Webb complex components as defined by the presence of Hell Island ceramics, stemmed points, and Jacks Reef points

Delmarva Adena (DA) - presence/absence of Delmarva Adena complex components as defined by the presence of Coulbourn, Wilgus, or Nassawango ceramics, and Delmarva Adena exotic artifacts

Delaware Park (DP) - presence/absence of Delaware Park complex components as defined by the presence of Hell Island ceramics and stemmed points

Minguannan (MG) - presence/absence of Minguannan complex components as defined by the presence of Minguannan ceramics and triangular points

Slaughter Creek - presence/absence of Slaughter Creek complex components as defined by the presence of Townsend ceramics and triangular points

Historic - presence/absence of any historic artifacts

In addition to these attributes the presence/absence of the following artifact classes was also noted: bifaces, scrapers, flake tools, cores, flakes, ground stone tools, fire-cracked rock, and ceramics.